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Amendments

Date	Comment(s)
8/8/2018	Removed CAN version. Version 1.4
1/3/2012	Added Register 07 -Temperature. Firmware version v1.1 or later. Version 1.3
11/21/2011	Updated command response times. Version 1.2
9/29/2011	Corrected device address range. Version 1.1
5/16/2011	T7 Modbus Communication User Guide. Version 1.0



1 General

The **T7** MEMS Digital Inclinometer is available with several interface options: US Digital standard serial protocol over RS232 or RS485 (**T7-1-232** or **T7-1-485**) or Modbus RTU protocol over RS232 or RS485 (**T7-1-MOD2** or **T7-1-MOD4**).

This document describes how to communicate with a T7-1-MOD2 or T7-1-MOD4.

- A T7-1-MOD2 uses RS232 and supports only a single device on the RS232 bus.
- A T7-1-MOD4 uses a Modbus RTU compatible protocol over RS485. A USB-to-RS485 adapter is typically used to connect to a PC. Up to 32 T7-1-MOD4 devices can be connected to the same RS485 bus.

The following section provides some basic information about the serial communication between the host computer and a **T7-1-MODx**.

- The full Modbus specification can be obtained from http://www.modbus.org. Modbus is a command/response protocol over a serial bus.
- The default Modbus serial parameters are: 9600 baud, 1start bit, 8 data bits, even parity and 1 stop bit. The 8 data bits are sent LSB first. The baud rate can be changed to 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200 or 9600 by sending the appropriate command.
- The byte order for all 16-bit values is Big Endian (most significant byte first).
- Read and write access to the T7-1-MODx is done using Modbus Function Code 3 (Read Holding Registers) and Modbus Function Code 6 (Write Single Register) commands. These two function codes provide the basic functionality needed by most users of the T7. A User Defined Modbus Function Code 110 is provided for less commonly used, off-line functions such as setting serial port parameters and changing the device address.
- Modbus device address must be in the range 1 to 100 or 127 (decimal). All T7's are shipped with a default address of 127 (decimal). Address 0 is the Modbus broadcast address. All devices will perform the action of the function code, but no reply will be sent.
- All Modbus commands and responses have a 16-bit CRC for error detection. C source code for the CRC-16 calculation is available from the Modbus website (http://www.modbus.org) in the MODBUS over serial line specification and implementation guide V1.02 document.
- Modbus RTU data is in binary format rather than ASCII, so it cannot be viewed properly on a text terminal. US Digital's free ComTool application or the open source Realterm program may be used to view binary serial data on a PC. ComTool can also calculate the Modbus CRC-16.
- The T7 only responds to commands from the host. It does not initiate communication and cannot be configured to respond periodically.
- At 9600 baud, the T7s response time is approximately 5.7 milliseconds for "Read" commands and about 27.3 milliseconds for "Write" commands. At 115200 baud, the response time is approximately 550 microseconds for "Read" commands and about 22.7 milliseconds for "Write" commands. These delays include the required Modbus RTU framing delay.
- A command from the host must be less than 500 milliseconds in duration (first byte to last byte) or the T7 will silently discard the command.



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2 T7-1-MODx Registers

The following table lists all the **T7-1-MODx** registers accessible using Function Code 3 (Read Holding Registers) and Function Code 6 (Write Single Register). All registers are 16-bits wide. On some Modbus hosts, the base address of the registers may be at a decimal address such as 30000 or 40000, but the address offset from the base is what is actually transmitted.

Register	Description	Read Holding Registers	Write Single Register
		(Function code 3)	(Function Code 6)
0x0000	Reported	Get the lower 16-bits of the	Calculates and sets and angle offset
	Angle (lower	reported angle, including angle	such that the reported angle equals
	16-bits)	offset.	the specified angle (lower 16-bits)
0x0001	Reported	Get the upper 16-bits of the	Calculates and sets and angle offset
	Angle (upper	reported angle, including angle	such that the reported angle equals
	16-bits)	offset.	the specified angle (upper 16-bits)
0x0002	Angle Offset	Get the lower 16-bits of the angle	Set the lower 16-bits of the angle
	(lower 16-bits)	offset. Factory default is 0x0000	offset
0x0003	Angle Offset	Get the upper 16-bits of the angle	Set the upper 16-bits of the angle
	(upper 16-bits)	offset. Factory default is 0x0000	offset
0x0004	Damping Time	Get the damping time in	Set the damping time in
	(16-bits)	milliseconds (2-5000). Factory	milliseconds. Must be 2-5000
		default is 1000	
0x0005	Angle	Get Angle Direction Mode	Set Angle Direction Mode
	Direction (16-	0: Normal (factory default)	0: Normal
	bits)	1: Reversed	1: Reversed
0x0006	Angle Output	Get Angle Output Mode	Set Angle Output Mode
	Mode (16-bits)	0: angle output is -180000 to	0: angle output is
		179999 (factory default)	-180000 to 179999
		1: angle output is 0 to 359999	1: angle output is 0 to 359999
0x0007	Temperature	Get the device temperature in °C	Error. Will return Function Code
	(16-bits)		0x86 with "invalid register address"

All angles are represented as signed (2's complement) 32-bit integers in units of .001 degrees. For example, an angle value of 0x000237ac (hex) = 145324 (decimal) corresponds to an angle of 145.324 degrees. 0x0002 is the "upper 16-bits" and 0x37ac is the "lower 16-bits". An angle of -145.324 is represented as 0xfffdc854.

The temperature is returned as a signed (2's complement) 16-bit integer in units of 0.01 degrees Celsius. For example, a temperature value of 0x096c (hex) = 2412 (decimal) corresponds to a temperature of 24.12C. A temperature of -5.23C is represented as 0xfdf5. The device temperature is warmer than the actual ambient temperature due to self heating from the electronics.



Since all Modbus registers are 16-bits wide, all angles are stored in two consecutive registers. For 32-bit values such as the reported angle or angle offset, reading the lower or upper 16-bits will latch the entire 32-bit value so that the value does not change between the two reads. On a write of a 32-bit quantity, write the lower 16-bits first, followed by the upper 16-bits. The update of the 32-bit quantity happens after the upper 16-bits are written.

The range of the reported angle depends on the Angle Output Mode register:

Angle Output mode	Reported Angle
0 (bidirectional)	-180000 to 179999
1 (unidirectional)	0 to 359999

The rotation sense of the angle depends on the Angle Direction register:

Angle Direction	Rotation Sense
0	normal
1	reversed

The reported angle can have an angle offset parameter included as follows:

Reported_Angle = Absolute_Angle + Angle_Offset

The Angle Offset register can be written directly to affect the Reported Angle register. Alternately, by writing a desired angle to the Reported Angle register, the T7 will calculate and update Angle Offset register so that the Reported Angle becomes the desired angle.

Note that the registers for Angle Offset, Damping Time, Angle Output Mode and Angle Direction are non volatile. Writing to these registers will store the value in flash memory so the setting will be retained when power is turned off.

The next section describes the byte level contents of each Modbus RTU command frame and response frame.



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3 T7 Modbus RTU Command/Response Data Formats

3.1 Read Holding Register (Function Code 3)

The Modbus "Read Holding Register" command is used to read registers in the T7-1-MODx

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x03	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x03
	Starting register	2		Big-endian order. Ex. Register
	to read (hex)			0x0004 (Damping Time) is sent
				0x00 first, then 0x04
	Number of	2		There are 8 registers supported
	registers to read			in the T7-1-MODx. All 8 can be
	(hex)			read at once with one command.
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
	0x03	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x03
	Byte Count	1		2*(Number of Registers Read).
				Ex. 0x10 if all 8 registers are
				read.
	Register N	2		Read Register data. 2 bytes if
	Register N+1	2		one register is read. 16 bytes if
	Register N+2	2		all 8 registers are read
	•••	2		
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				response.

If the CRC of the command is invalid, no action is taken. If the CRC is valid but there is an error in the command, the response is:

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Error	address	1		Address of responding T7
Response	0x83	1		Modbus Error Function Code =
				0x83
	Exception Code	1		0x01: invalid function code
				0x02: invalid register address
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				response.



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Example 1 (Read the damping time from T7 with address 127):

```
address
           | fcode
             | starting reg. to read (0x0004)
                      number of reg. to read (0x0001)
                             CRC-16
             1
                -1
                      - 1
Command:
          7f 03 00 04 00 01 cf d5
          address
           | fcode
           | | byte count
           | | damping (0x03e8 = 1000 \text{ decimal } (1000 \text{ milliseconds})
                         CRC-16
            1 1 1
Response: 7f 03 02 03 e8 90 f0
```

Example 2 (Read the lower/upper 16-bits of Angle 2 from T7 with address 127):

```
address
          | fcode
             | starting reg. to read (0x0000)
                     number of reg. to read (0x0002)
             Ι
                      1
                            CRC-16
          7f 03 00 00 00 02 ce 15
Command:
          address
          | fcode
          | | byte count
          | \ | \ | \ angle2 (0x000197c5 = 104389 decimal (104.389 degrees)
                               CRC-16
            1 1 1
Response: 7f 03 04 97 c5 00 01 99 bd
```



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3.2 Write Single Register (Function Code 6)

The Modbus "Write Single Register" command is used to write to a register in the **T7-1-MODx**. If the command is successful, the response is identical to the command. Two "Write Single Register" commands are needed to update the Reported Angle or Angle Offset values since these are 32-bit quantities.

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x06	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x06
	Register to Write	2		Big-endian order. Ex. Register
	(hex)			0x0004 (Damping Time) is sent
				0x00 first, then 0x04
	Data to Write	2		16-bit data to write
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
(identical	0x06	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x06
to	Register to Write	2		Big-endian order. Ex. Register
command)	(hex)			0x0004 (Damping Time) is sent
				0x00 first, then 0x04
	Data to Write	2		16-bit data to write
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				response.

If the CRC of the command is invalid, no action is taken. If the CRC is valid but there is an error in the command, the response is:

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Error	address	1		Address of responding T7
Response	0x86	1		Modbus Error Function Code = 0x86
	Exception Code	1		0x01: invalid function code 0x02: invalid register address
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the response.



Example 1 (Set the damping time to 2000 milliseconds for T7 with address 127):

```
address
| fcode
| reg. to write (0x0004)
| data to write (2000 decimal = 0x07d0)
| | | CRC-16
| | | | CRC-16
| | DRC-16
```

Example 2 (Set the current Reported Angle to 0 degrees for T7 with address 127. 2 commands needed):

```
address
           | fcode
             | reg. to write (0x0000 - lower 16-bits of Reported Angle Register)
                       data to write (0x0000)
                             CRC-16
                 -
                       1
          7f 06 00 00 00 00 83 d4
Command:
Response: 7f 06 00 00 00 00 83 d4 (identical to Command)
           address
            fcode
              | reg. to write (0x0001 - upper 16-bits of Reported Angle Register)
                       data to write (0x0000)
              1
                             CRC-16
             - 1
                -1
                       - 1
Command:
          7f 06 00 01 00 00 d2 14
```

Response: 7f 06 00 01 00 00 d2 14 (identical to Command)



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3.3 User Defined Function Code 110 – Additional Functions

User defined Function Code 110 is for less commonly used, off-line functions such as setting serial port parameters and changing the device address. Some Modbus hosts cannot support this Function code, but the frames can still be sent using a serial terminal program on a PC that can send binary data on the serial port. Changes to the serial port parameters and device address are stored in flash memory so these settings are retained when power is off.

3.3.1 Set Serial Port Baud Rate

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x04	1		Command length
	0x8f	1		T7 Command
	Baud Rate	1		0 = 115.2 kbps
				1 = 57.6 kbps
				2 = 38.4 kbps
				3 = 19.2 kbps
				4 = 9.6 kbps
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x04	1		Command length
	0x8f	1		T7 Command
	Status	1		0 = Command successful
				Otherwise = Command failed
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the
				response.

The Response is sent using the previous baud rate. The baud rate is changed about 10 milliseconds after a successful response is sent.



Example 1 (Set Baud rate to 9.6 kbps for T7 with address 127):

Example 2 (Set Baud rate to 115.2 kbps for T7 with address 127):

```
address
           | fcode
             baud rate (0x00 = 115.2 \text{ kbps})
                           CRC-16
             -
                        1
Command:
           7f 6e 04 8f 00 08 d3
           address
           | fcode
              - 1
                       status (0 = command successful)
             - 1
                       | CRC-16
Response: 7f 6e 04 8f 00 08 d3
```



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3.3.2 Set Serial Port Parity

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x04	1		Command length
	0x93	1		T7 Command
	Parity	1		0 = no parity, 1 stop bit
	_			1 = no parity, 2 stop bits
				2 = even parity, 1 stop bit (default)
				3 = odd parity, 1 stop bit
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x04	1		Command length
	0x93	1		T7 Command
	Status	1		0 = Command successful
				Otherwise = Command failed
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the response.

The Response is sent using the previous parity setting. The parity is changed about 10 milliseconds after a successful response is sent.

Example 1 (Set Parity to "no parity, 1 stop bit" for T7 with address 127):

```
address
           | fcode
                        parity (0x00 = no parity, 1 stop bit)
                          CRC-16
             - 1
                        1
          7f 6e 04 93 00 00 13
Command:
          address
           | fcode
                       status (0 = command successful)
                       | CRC-16
             - 1
             -
                       1
                         - 1
Response: 7f 6e 04 93 00 00 13
```



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Example 1 (Set Parity to "even, 1 stop bit" for T7 with address 127):



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3.3.3 Get Device Information

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x03	1		Command length
	0x8e	1		T7 Command
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x15	1		Command length
	0x8e	1		T7 Command
	Serial	4		Factory set serial number (unsigned)
	number			
	Firmware	6		ASCII characters padded with spaces
	version			(not null terminated)
	Product	6		ASCII characters padded with spaces
	type			(not null terminated)
	Factory info	2		Factory info (ignore)
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the response.

Example 1 (Get Device Information for T7 with address 127):



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3.3.4 Set Address

This command changes the address of the T7. For extra safety, the serial number of the device to be changed is sent as well. Use the "Get Device Information" command to read the serial number.

	Parameter	# bytes	Units	Notes
Command	Address	1		Destination address of T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x09	1		Command length
	0x91	1		T7 Command
	0x04	1		Device type
	Serial	4		Serial number of T7 to change
	number			address
	New	1		New address: 1 to 100 or 127
	address			
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the command
Response	Address	1		Address of responding T7
	0x6e	1		Modbus Function Code = 0x6e
	0x04	1		Command length
	0x91	1		T7 Command
	Status	1		0 = Command successful
				Otherwise = Command failed
	CRC-16	2		CRC-16 of all bytes in the response.

Example 1 (Change address of T7 with address 127 and serial number 0x00000001 to address 10):

